#### Compass4D lessons learned

Interoperability



5 October 2016

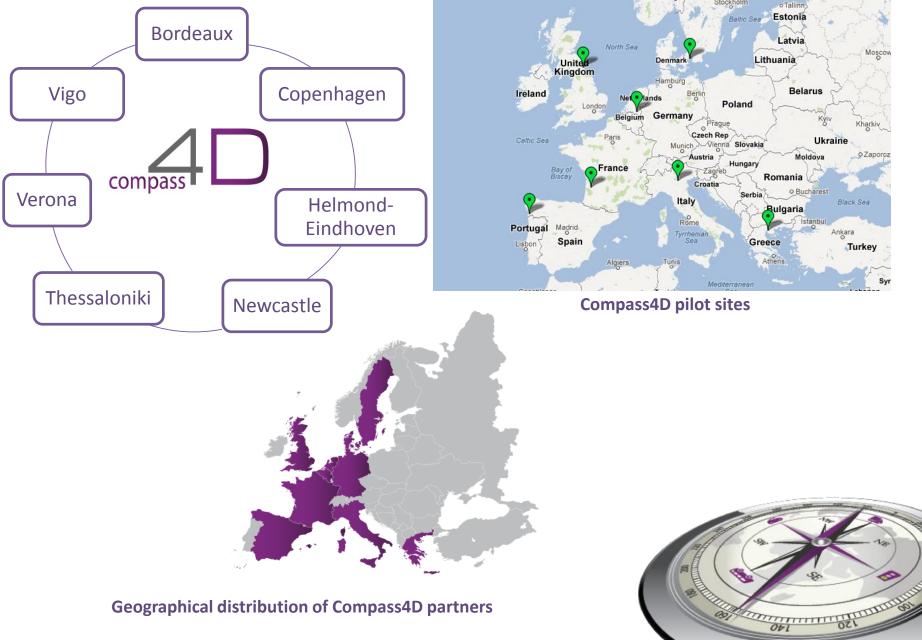
#### Contents

- ≻Compass4D
  - Deployment issues related to standardisation
  - Lessons learned
- Recommendations
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#### **Pilot sites**



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**Geographical distribution of Compass4D partners** 

### The role of Dynniq

Pilot site leader for Helmond

dynniq

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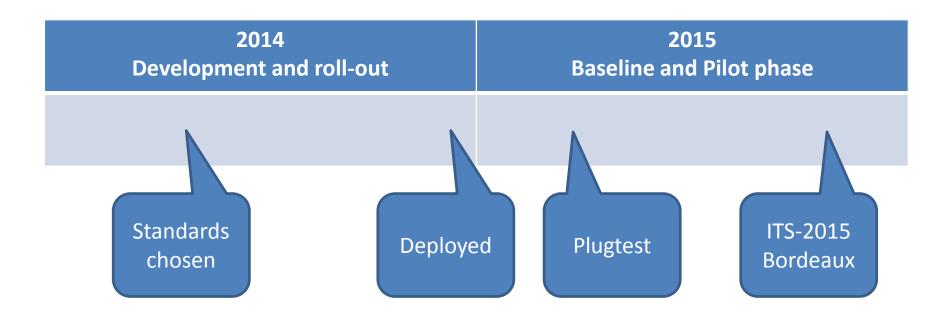
- ➢ WP2 leader
- Technology delivered to

PEE

Imtech

- ➢ Helmond
- > Copenhagen
- ➢ Bordeaux

### Time frame







### Compass4D deployment issues

- In 2014 the MAP and SPaT standards were still being developed
- The public transport data definition in CAM was defined as 20 generic bytes
- In May 2014 a Compass4D working group decided on a version of the standards to use within the project





# 2015 ETSI Plugtest

- Compass4D vendors participated in the Plugtest
- Ideal environment to guarantee interoperability
- > New versions of the standards
- Supporting standardisation was one of the goals of Compass4D





### Compass4D Interoperability issues

- Incompatible changes in SPaT required a 'big bang' update of the pilot sites
- > Most sites did not update immediately:
  - ≻too much effort
  - >disturbing the pilot site operation
- Only Bordeaux was updated in 2015 to support the ITS Conference demos







# SPaT incompatible change

MovementPhaseState	Before	After
Unavailable	0	0
Dark	Not present	1
Stop-Then-Proceed	1	2
Stop-And-Remain	2	3
Pre-Movement	3	4
Permissive-Movement-Allowed	4	5
Protected-Movement-Allowed	5	6
Permissive-clearance	6	7
Protected-clearance	7	8
Caution-Conflicting-Traffic	8	9





#### Lessons learned

- Incompatible changes in SPaT have cost a lot of effort
- DENM standard not prepared for centrally generated (DATEX based) events
- Public transport data in the standard leans on local (German) standards
- Feedback sent to standardisation institutes







#### RECOMMENDATIONS





#### #1 backwards compatibility

- When changes are made to the standards these should be backwards compatible
- If this is not possible, co-existence must be ensured, e.g. by using different version numbers





### #2 Version numbering

- Different versions of a standard should be recognisable by a unique version number in the message
- Version numbers for early deployment should be reserved from the start







#### Make sure a standard can be used in a broader scope

Examples:

- DENMs generated by a central system
- Digital signatures are directly linked to Geonetworking; how to use them in a mobile data network?





#### #4 Robustness

Interpretation of the data in messages should be robust against errors

Example:

The time information in SPaT depends on the accuracy of the local clock time.

The message should be robust against this, or at least support detection of a difference in the clock time.





### #5 Avoid region specific data

Do not encode the same data in a region specific way; modern computers can easily convert these

#### Europe

TimeMark ::= INTEGER (0..36001)

#### Japan

TimeMark ::=	SEQUENCE	{						
year	Year,		BCD	coding	of	A.D.	2	octets
month	Month,		BCD	coding	of	Month,	1	octet
day	Day,		BCD	coding	of	Day,	1	octet
summerTime	SummerTi	ime,	,					
holiday	Holiday,	,						
dayofWeek	Day0fWee	ek,						
hour	Hour,		BCD	coding	of	Hour,	1	octet
minute	Minute,		BCD	coding	of	Minute,	1	octet
second	-					Second,	1	octet
tenthSecond	TenthSec	cond	- k	- units	5 0	f 100		
millisecond,	1 octet							
}								





#### #6 No binary escapes

Do not use region specific 'BLOBs', make sure the standard is complete in itself

#### TS 102 637-2, 2010

PTLineDescription ::= SEQUENCE {
 courseOfJourney CourseOfJourney,
 lineRef LineRef,
 routeRef RouteRef
}

#### TS 102 894-2, 2014

PtActivation ::= SEQUENCE {
 ptActivationType PtActivationType,
 ptActivationData PtActivationData
}

PtActivationType ::= INTEGER
{undefinedCodingType(0), r09-16CodingType(1),
vdv-50149CodingType(2)} (0..255)

PtActivationData ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(1..20))





#### Thank you for your attention

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# dynnic energising mobility

